



BRAZILIAN JOURNAL OF OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY

Official Publication of the [Brazilian Association of Otorhinolaryngology and Cervicofacial Surgery \(ABORL-CCF\)](#)

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DESCRIPTION

The *Brazilian Journal of Otorhinolaryngology* aims to provide timely information for physicians and scientists focused on otorhinolaryngology and head and neck disorders, including contemporary, ethical, clinically relevant information in: General otolaryngology; Head and neck surgery; Respiratory sleep disorders; Allergy/rhinology; Otology/neurotology; Laryngology/bronchoesophagology; Pediatric otolaryngology; Cranio-facial surgery; Skull base surgery; Head and neck oncology; Phoniatics; Upper airway related diseases; Facial plastics and reconstructive surgery.

The journal is the official peer-reviewed open access scientific publication of the [Brazilian Association of Otorhinolaryngology and Cervicofacial Surgery \(ABORL-CCF\)](#).

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INTRODUCTION

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The BJORL welcomes manuscripts related to general otolaryngology; head and neck surgery; respiratory sleep disorders; allergy/rhinology; otology/neurotology; laryngology/bronchoesophagology; pediatric otolaryngology; cranio-facial surgery; skull base surgery; head and neck oncology; phoniatics; upper airway related diseases; and facial plastics and reconstructive surgery.

Please note that articles submitted as of **May 1, 2022**, which are accepted for publication will be subject to a fee (**Article Publishing Charge, APC**) payment by the author or research funder to cover the costs associated with publication. **All articles must be submitted in English.** More information, including the APC, can be found at the [open access information page](#).

Manuscript categories and requirements

The Brazilian Journal of Otorhinolaryngology publishes Original Reports, Contemporary Reviews, Systematic and Evidence-Based Reviews, Letters to the Editor, and Invited Articles and Reviews. Topics of interest include all subjects that relate to the practice of medicine and the betterment of public health worldwide.

Original Reports

Original articles are concise (1) reports of clinical data, (2) reports of basic science data, or (3) meta-analyses studies, that represent advanced information, and should present data that have not yet been published.

These reports typically include randomized trials, intervention studies, cohort studies, case-control studies, epidemiologic assessments, other observational studies, surveys with high response rates, cost-effectiveness analyses and decision analyses, and studies of screening and diagnostic tests. Each manuscript should clearly state an objective or hypothesis; the design and methods (including the study setting and dates, patients or participants with inclusion and exclusion criteria and/or participation or response rates, or data sources, and how these were selected for the study); the essential features of any interventions; the main outcome measures; the main results of the study; a discussion section placing the results in context with the published literature and addressing study limitations; and the conclusions and relevant implications for clinical practice or health policy.

Authors are encouraged to adhere to study standards, for example the [PROBE](#) guideline for observational studies, or [STARD](#) guideline for diagnostic/prognostic studies. Data included in research reports must be original and should be as timely and current as possible. A structured abstract is required.

Word count: 3,000 words (max), excluding abstract and references.

Abstract: 300 words maximum. Do not use subheadings or abbreviations; write as a continuous paragraph. Must be structured with the headings: Objective(s), Methods, Results, Conclusion.

References: 75 references (max).

Figures/Tables: Total of no more than 8 figures and tables.

Number the pages of the manuscript consecutively, beginning with the Title Page as page 1. Please use a spell-checker in addition to careful editing of the manuscript before submission. Authors should not add line numbering as this is automatically added by the submission system.

Original Reports should be formatted as follows:

- Abstract
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- Materials and Methods
- Results
- Discussion
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- References

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Highlights are required for original articles. They consist of a small collection of topics (bullets, markers) that summarize the main findings of the article. They must be sent in an editable file, including 3 to 5 topics (maximum 85 characters including spaces, per topic). Please name the file "Highlights". Some examples can be found on our page at Internet: <https://www.elsevier.com/authors/tools-and-resources/highlights>.

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This type of paper should address a new and/or rapidly evolving topic including diagnostic or therapeutic advances, or technological innovations. Whenever possible, a Systematic Literature Review with or without a Meta-Analysis is preferred over a Contemporary Review.

It is, however, possible that a meaningful literature does not yet exist on a rapidly evolving topic, so that a Systematic Literature Review with or without a Meta-Analysis could not be performed. In that case, a Contemporary Review may be submitted.

Word count: 3,000 words (max), excluding abstract and references.

Abstract: 300 words maximum. Do not use subheadings or abbreviations; write as a continuous paragraph. Must be structured with the headings: Objective(s), Methods, Results, Conclusion.

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the available evidence such that the best-quality evidence (e.g., well-conducted clinical trials, meta-analyses, and prospective cohort studies) should receive the greatest emphasis; and discussion of controversial aspects and unresolved issues. A structured abstract is required. Authors are encouraged to adhere to study standards, for example the [PRISMA](#) guideline for systematic reviews.

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References: 75 references (max).

Figures/Tables: Total of no more than 8 figures and tables.

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Systematic and Evidence-Based Reviews should be formatted as follows:

- Abstract
- Keywords
- Introduction
- Methods
- Results
- Discussion
- Conclusion
- References

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Case Reports should be formatted as follows:

- Introduction
- Case Report
- Discussion
- Conclusion
- References

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It should comment on previously published research in which significant scientific controversy exists. A Letter to the Editor deemed appropriate for publication will be submitted to the author(s) of the published article so they can provide comments.

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Word count: 400 words (max).

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Online journals

Friedman SA. Preeclampsia: a review of the role of prostaglandins. *Obstet Gynecol* [serial online]. January 1988;71:22-37. Available from: BRS Information Technologies, McLean, VA. Accessed December 15, 1990.

Book chapter

Todd VR. Visual information analysis: frame of reference for visual perception. In: Kramer P, Hinojosa J, eds. *Frames of Reference for Pediatric Occupational Therapy*. Philadelphia, PA: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins; 1999:205-56.

Entire book

Webster NR, Galley HF. *Anaesthesia Science*. Oxford, UK: Blackwell Publishing, Ltd.; 2006.

Database

CANCERNET-PDQ [database online]. Bethesda, MD: National Cancer Institute; 1996. Updated March 29, 1996.

Software

Epi Info [computer program]. Version 6. Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; 1994.

Web sites

Gostin LO. Drug use and HIV/AIDS [JAMA HIV/AIDS Web site]. June 1, 1996. Available at: <http://www.ama-assn.org/special/hiv/ethics>. Accessed June 26, 2012.

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